

# Michigan Helmet Law Repeal: Early Clinical Impacts

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# ***History of Helmet Laws in the United States***

***1960s: Push for increased highway safety***

***1966: Passage of National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act***

***1975: All but 3 states have universal helmet laws***

***1976: Weakening & repeal of many helmet laws***

***2012: Michigan repeals universal helmet law***

Time ->

# ***Effect of motorcycle helmet laws***

<b>Law</b>	<b>Helmet Use</b>	<b>Mortality</b>
<b>Universal Helmet Law</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>4.3%</b>
<b>Partial Helmet Law</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>4.8%</b>
<b>No helmet law</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>5.9%</b>

Unhelmeted motorcyclists: Mortality 6.7%, more severe brain injuries, longer ICU stay, consumption of resources, likely uninsured

76,944 patients - National Trauma Data Base (2002-2007)

# *Effect of motorcycle helmet laws*

## *Unhelmeted*

- Higher mortality (1-4)
- Increased incidence of head injuries (5-7)
- More likely to be intoxicated (4,10)
- Less frequently insured (2,10)
- Longer ICU and overall hospital stay (5,8,9)

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# **Goal:**

***To study the early clinical and financial impacts of Michigan's motorcycle helmet law repeal on a Level 1 trauma center in West Michigan.***

# *Methods*

- Retrospective cohort study
- Motorcycle crash patients (192)
- Two motorcycle seasons included:
  - **April 13, 2011- November 13, 2011 (before)**
  - **April 13, 2012- November 13, 2012 (after)**
- Exclusion criteria:
  - Unknown helmet status
- Fatalities prior to hospital: Region 6

# *Methods*

- Patient Demographics
- Helmet Status
- Mortality
- Toxicology
- Prior to Arrival Fatalities
- Injury Severity Score
- Abbreviated Injury Scale Head
- Glasgow Coma Scale
- ICU Length of Stay
- Hospital Length of Stay
- Ventilator Time
- Cost of Hospital Stay
- Disposition Location
- Insurance Status

# Results

	2011	2012	p-value
Male (%)	68/79 (86.1%)	97/113 (85.8%)	0.963
Age (y)	41.7 ± 15	43.7 ± 15	0.324
Unhelmeted Riders	6/79 (7%)	33/113 (29%)	0.001
Mortality	2/79 (2.5%)	4/113 (3.5%)	0.156
Unhelmeted Crash Scene Fatalities	1/7 (14%)	10/13 (77%)	0.007



# Results

	Helmeted	Unhelmeted	p-value
Male (%)	130/153 (85.0%)	35/39 (89.7%)	0.587
Age (y)	42.2	45.8	0.234
Hospital Mortality	5/153 (3.3%)	1/39 (2.6%)	0.162
Injury Severity Score (ISS)	15	16	0.617
AIS Head (AIS)	2	3	0.078
Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS)	14	13	0.118
Hospital Length of Stay (days)	4.8	6.6	0.083

# Results

	Helmeted	Unhelmeted	p-value
<b>EtOH (&gt;0.08)</b>	<b>14.3%</b>	<b>47.8%</b>	<b>0.001</b>
<b>ICU Length of Stay (days)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>0.020</b>
<b>Ventilator Time (days)</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>1.87</b>	<b>0.015</b>
<b>Cost of Stay</b>	<b>\$21,300</b>	<b>\$32,700</b>	<b>0.022</b>

# *Disposition*

	<b>Helmeted</b>	<b>Unhelmeted</b>	<b>p-value</b>
<b>Deceased</b>	<b>5/153 (3.3%)</b>	<b>1/39 (2.6%)</b>	<b>0.821</b>
<b>Hospice</b>	<b>1/153 (0.7%)</b>	<b>0/39 (0%)</b>	<b>0.612</b>
<b>Rehabilitation Hospital</b>	<b>34/153 (22.2%)</b>	<b>13/39 (33.3%)</b>	<b>0.162</b>
<b>Home</b>	<b>113/153 (73.9%)</b>	<b>25/39 (64.1%)</b>	<b>0.227</b>

# *Insurance*

	<b>Helmeted</b>	<b>Unhelmeted</b>	<b>p-value</b>
<b>Auto Insurance</b>	<b>55/153 (36.4%)</b>	<b>16/39 (39.0%)</b>	<b>0.558</b>
<b>Commercial Insurance</b>	<b>75/153 (49.7%)</b>	<b>20/39 (48.8%)</b>	<b>0.801</b>
<b>Medicare / Medicaid</b>	<b>15/153 (9.9%)</b>	<b>3/39 (7.2%)</b>	<b>0.686</b>
<b>Uninsured/Self Pay</b>	<b>6/153 (4.0%)</b>	<b>2/39 (4.9%)</b>	<b>0.780</b>

# Conclusions

- Motorcyclists riding without a helmet have increased from 7% to 29%
- Prior to arrival fatalities among the unhelmeted have increased from 14% to 77%
- Hospital mortality was the same
- Clinical impacts among unhelmeted:
  - Longer ICU length of stay
  - Longer ventilator times
  - Increased cost of stay
  - Increased EtOH use

# *Limitations*

- Retrospective design
- Short time period represented (7 months)
- Small population size (n = 192)
- Local geographic analysis (Region 6)
- Cause of crash scene fatalities unknown
- Higher alcohol use among unhelmeted

***Thank You***