

Geriatric Hip Fracture Protocol

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St. Mary Mercy Livonia





Trinity Health

St. Mary Mercy Livonia:

Evolution of Hip Fractures

Presented By:

Thomas Oweis MD, FACS

- *SMML Trauma Medical Director*

Rick Ricardi BSN, RN

- *SMML Director of Trauma Services*

Jeff Mendoza BSN, RN

- *MTQIP Coordinator*



Hospital Demographics



Registry Volume-1500 per year / 240 Hip Fractures per year



Hospital beds: 304



OR Suites: 8



Initial Orthopedic Call panel >20



Currently we have 15

2 Ortho Traumatologists

Our Team

9 Trauma Surgeons

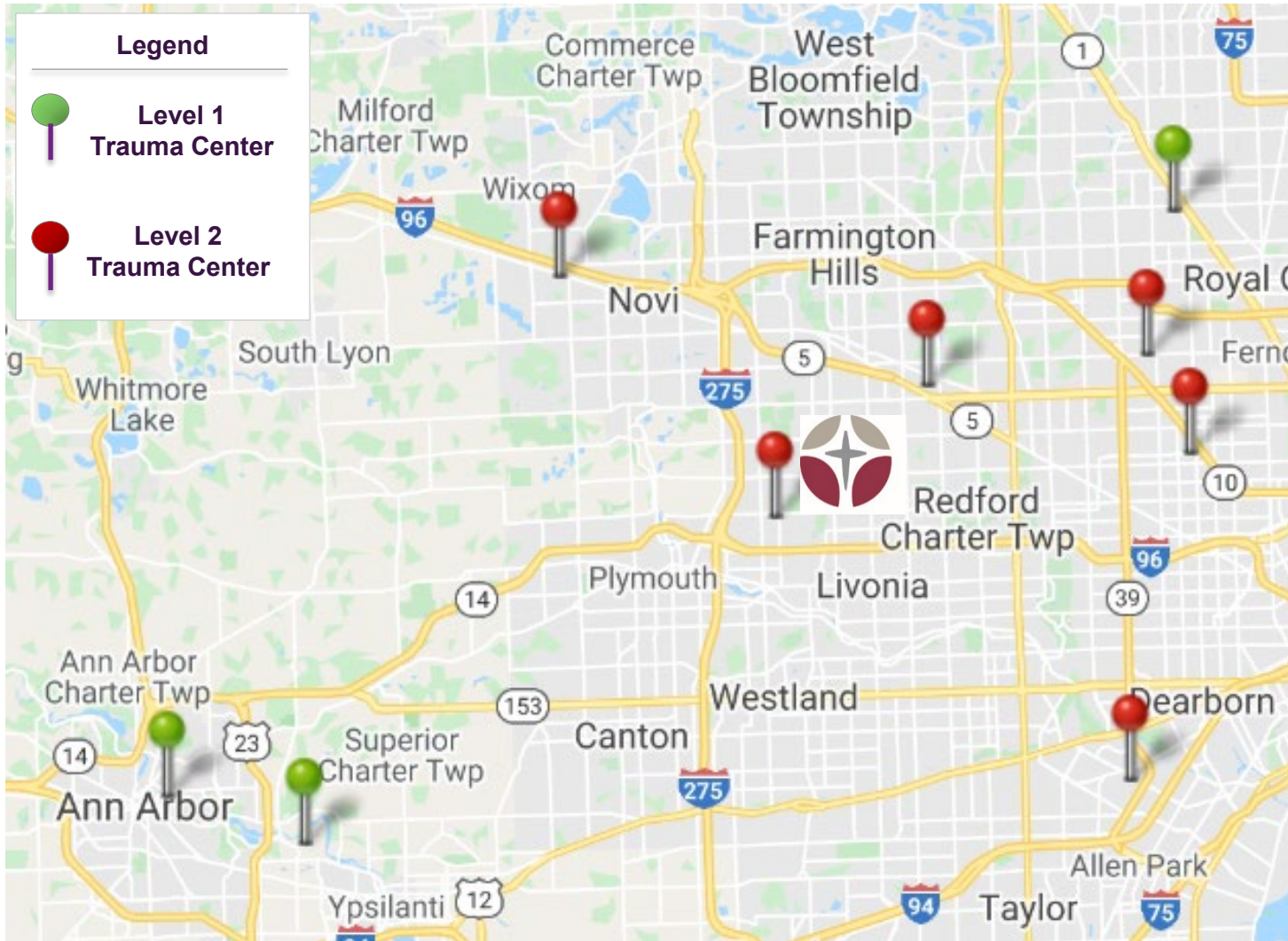
2 Trauma Registrars

1 Quality MTQIP Reviewer-BCBS

1 Injury Prevention Specialist

8.5 FT Advanced Practitioners- 2 Day/1Night

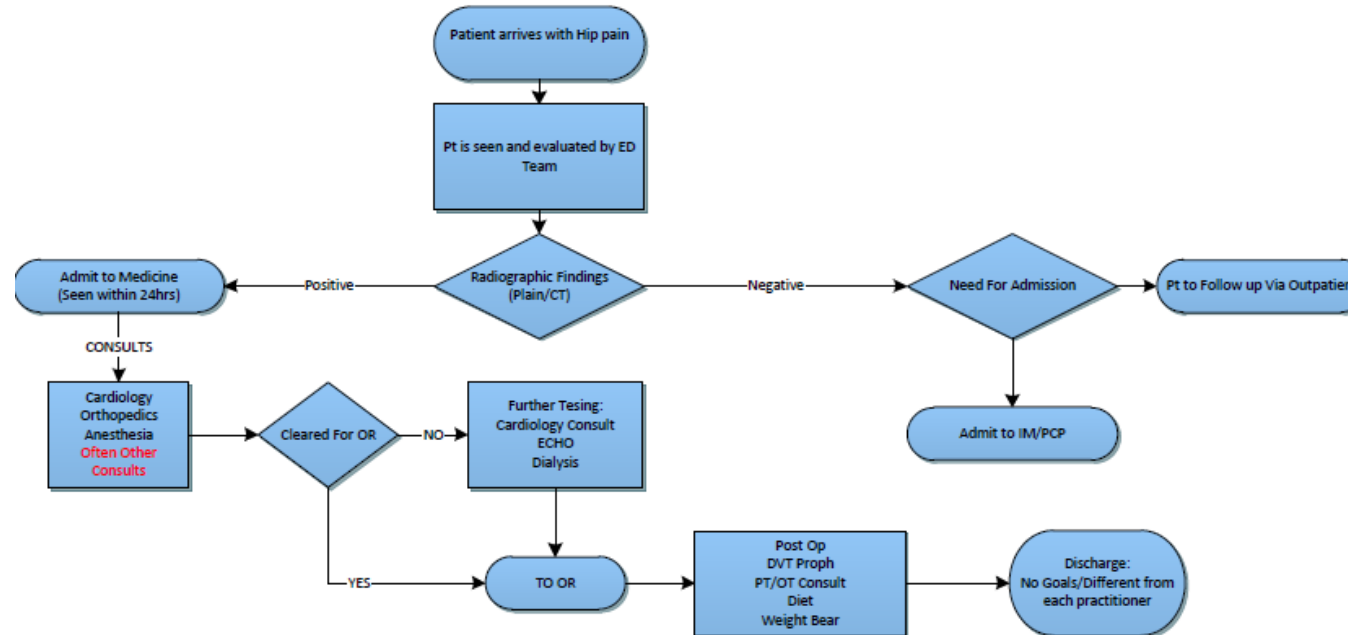
The Community We Serve



- **Across the trauma centers in Michigan, St Mary's treats some of the oldest patient population**
- **Situated at the intersection of 3 major freeways, St Mary's is the nearest trauma center**

“Old” Medicine Admit Algorithm

Medicine Admitting Hip Fx Patients



No Formal Review:

Hip Fx Deaths
Hip Fx Readmissions

Average LOS-7 days
Average Door-OR Time: >48hrs

The goal of the Hip Fracture Guideline is to:

Decrease the overall length of stay

Decrease the door to OR time

Decrease Morbidity/Mortality

Create Interdisciplinary Team Management

Goal: Hip fracture patients are best optimized with surgical fixation within 24 hours of admission and discharged to structured rehabilitation on POD#2-3

Collaborative Meeting:

Multidisciplinary Team Established

Physician Liaisons: Anesthesia, Cardiology, Medicine, Trauma Orthopedics and Emergency Medicine, Pharmacy Identified

Protocol Created / Revised

Hip Fracture Guideline Created

Hip Fracture Guideline

Trauma

Effective Date: 6/2018
Revised Date: 2/2018
Reviewed Date: 5/2018, 01/2019, 12/20

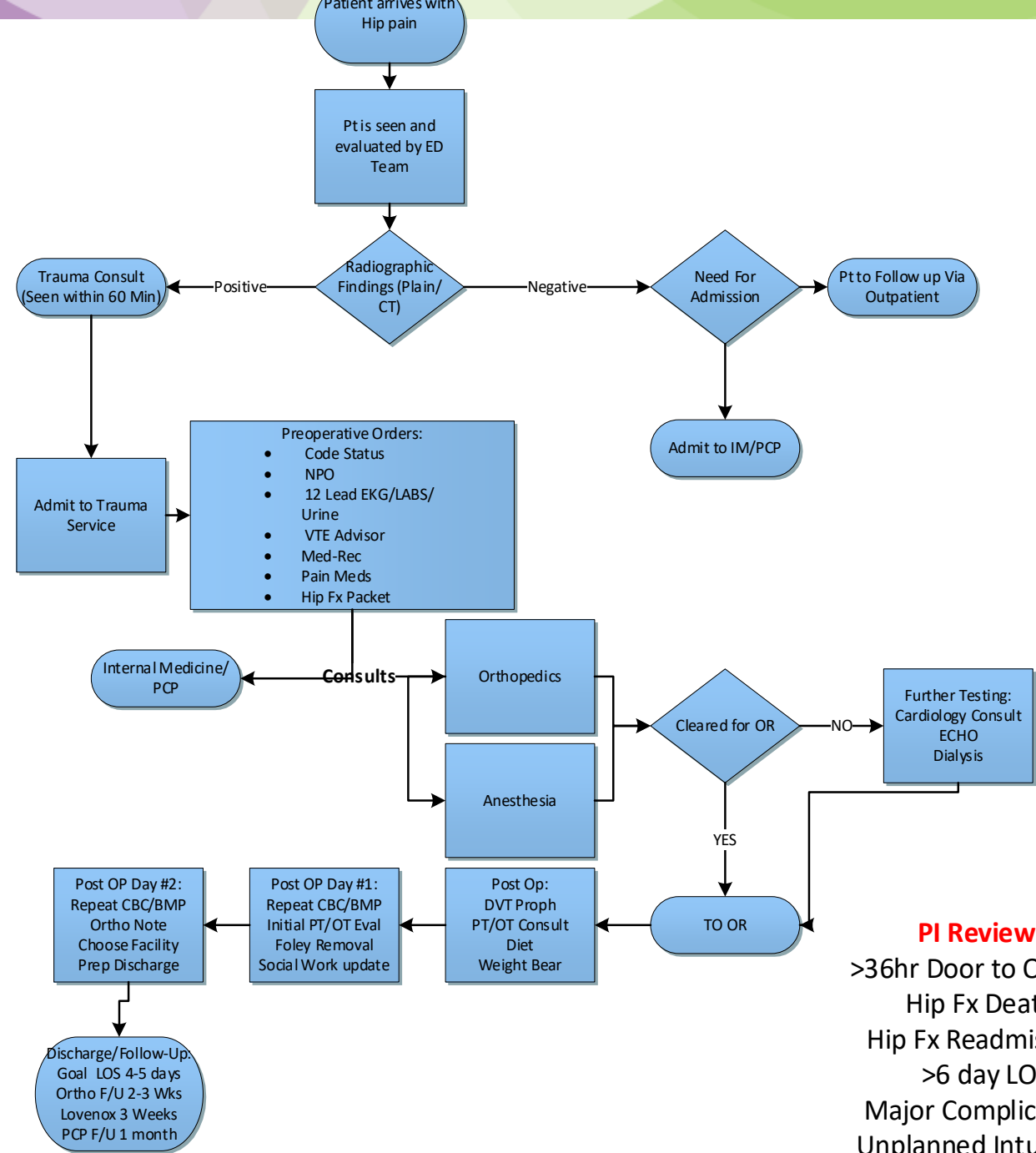
Submitted by: Rick Ricardi, Director, Trauma
Approved by: Dr. Tom Oweis, Trauma Medical Director
Dr. Matt Steffes, Orthopedic Trauma Liaison
Dr. Roy Misirliyan, Cardiology
Dr. Katherine Vitale, Anesthesia
Cheryl Malloch-Clifton-PharmD
Teresa Guastella, PA-C, Lead APP Trauma Services
Rick Ricardi, Director of Trauma Services

1. **Purpose:** To provide treatment guidelines for adults with hip fractures. The use of standard protocols is aimed at reducing mortality, hospital length of stay, and complications
2. **Goal:** Hip fracture patients are best optimized with surgical fixation within 24 hours of admission and discharged to structured rehabilitation on POD#2-3

Preoperative

1. The trauma service will be notified by level 1, 2 or 3 activation based on the patient's mechanism of injury and overall hemodynamic stability. Ground-level mechanical falls resulting in isolated hip fractures will generally be activated by the ED as level 3 consults
2. All operative hip fractures are admitted to the trauma service. Admission orders should include:
 - a. Inpatient admission
 - b. Code status with supporting documentation
 - c. NPO status, depending on timing of surgery
 - d. 12 Lead EKG (if not already performed in ED)
 - e. DVT Prophylaxis: If surgery will not be completed until the next day, it is "OK" to order daily dose of lovenox 30-40 mg to be given on admission. Hold DVT prophylaxis day of surgery.
 - f. Foley Catheter (condom catheter/urinal may be appropriate in some males)
 - g. IV fluids
 - h. Laboratory work-up ordered in ED
 - i. CBC, BMP, PTT, PT/INR, Type and Screen
 - ii. Vitamin D 25 Hydroxy Level (add-on lab)
 1. If abnormal, have the patient follow-up with PCP for management and note in DEPART
 - i. Neurovascular checks q shift
 - j. Reconciliation of home medications, holding previous anticoagulants/antiplatelet agents
 - k. Pain medication regimen considering age/weight/mental status (see appendix)
 - l. Scheduled bowel regimen
 - m. Orthopedic consult, utilizing on-call schedule
 - n. Consult to patient's PCP or covering service if there are acute medical issues requiring consult.
 - o. Social work consult – selecting "placement" as reason
 - i. Patient/family will receive a "hip fracture information packet" from the social worker in the ED. During off hours, packet should be given the next morning prior to surgery

Trauma Admitting Hip Fracture Patients



PI Reviews:
 >36hr Door to OR Time
 Hip Fx Deaths
 Hip Fx Readmissions
 >6 day LOS
 Major Complications
 Unplanned Intubation
 Unplanned ICU Admission

Cardiology Clearance if:

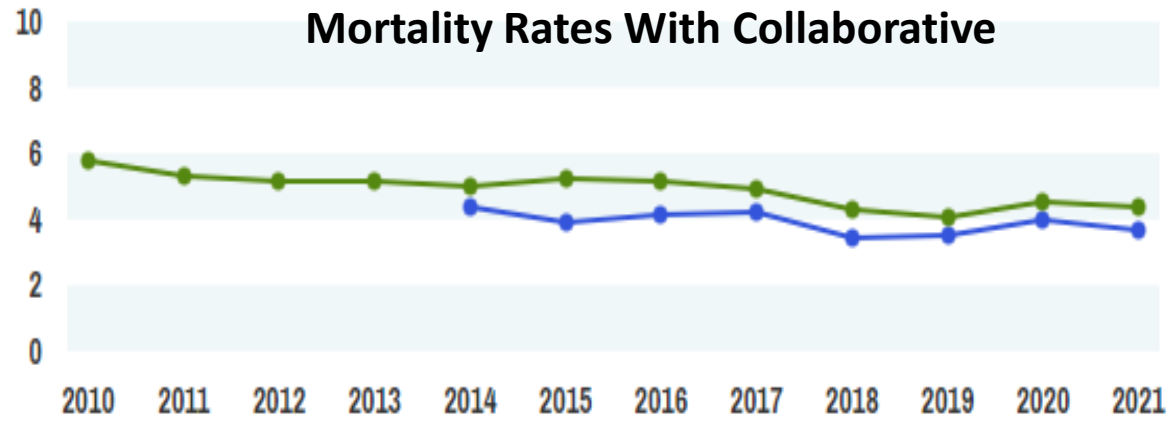
Active Chest Pain

New Arrhythmia/Tachycardia

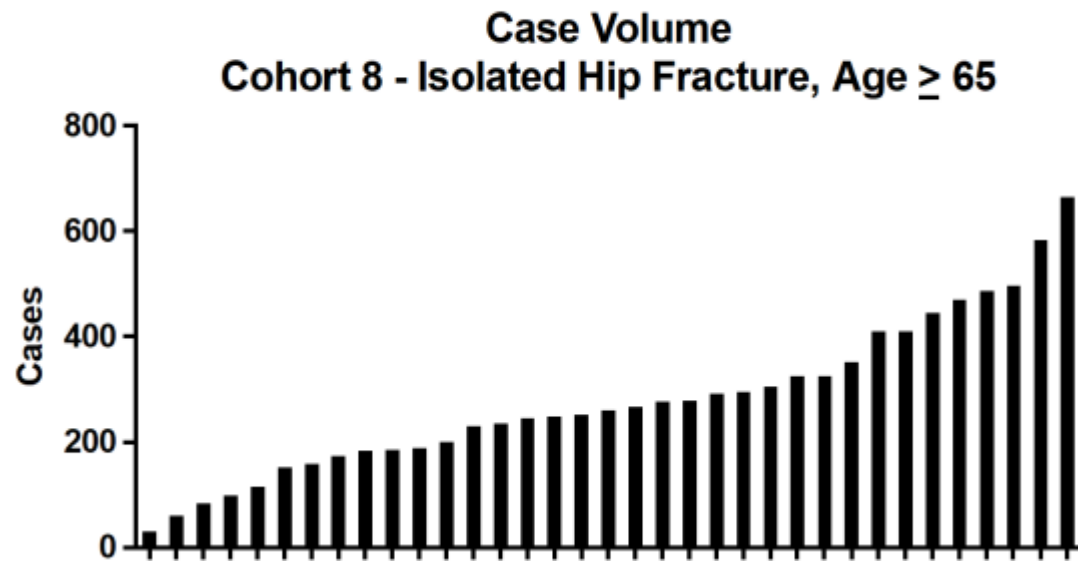
Overt Failure

New Documented Murmur

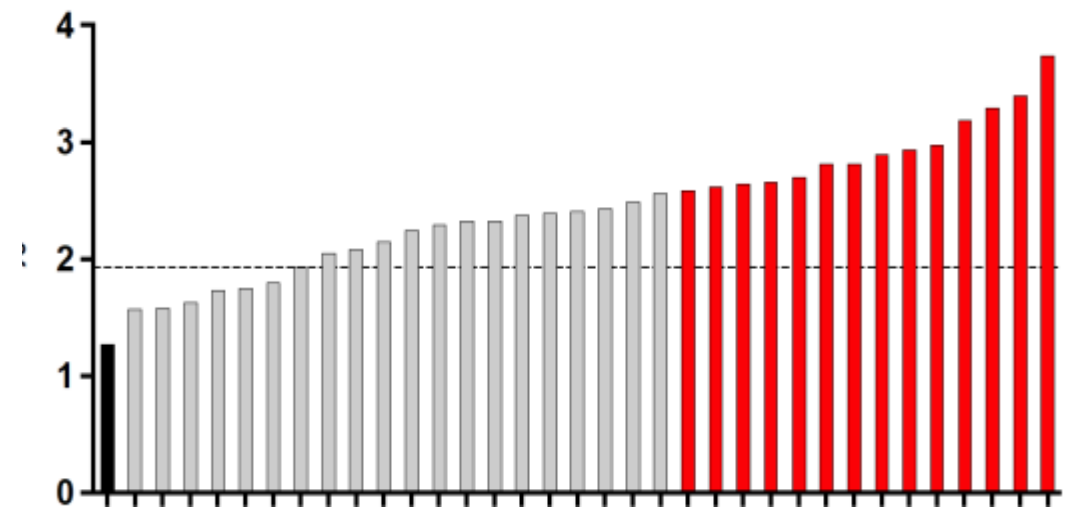
MTQIP: Quality Improvement and Focus



Isolated Hip Fracture



Mortality w/o DOA, Age ≥ 65 Cohort 8 - Isolated Hip Fracture



Process Monitoring and Control

- The care process is reviewed daily to keep track of our performance.
- Implementation of a monthly dashboard that is shared at both Trauma Peer Review and Trauma Committee Multidisciplinary Team
- In an effort to maintain the 24 hour door to OR guideline, any patient that becomes an outlier greater than 36 hours is reviewed by the Trauma Medical Director and Program Administrator. If the delay is deemed to be appropriate the case is closed; if opportunity for improvement is identified, the case is then escalated to our Orthopedic Trauma Liaison for review
- If further discussion is needed the case is abstracted and then reviewed at our Trauma Peer Review meeting for further discussion

Conclusion

- Hip fractures are a major cause of morbidity and mortality in the older population. The increase of falls and longer life span represent a significant strain on our health care organizations in the future. We were able to show that having a hip fracture guideline had a positive impact on our overall length of stay, door to OR time, morbidity/mortality and interdisciplinary communication.
- In conclusion, this guideline has truly benefited the patients and community in which we serve. It has brought multiple disciplines to the table to collaborate on best practice.
- Injury Prevention! https://youtu.be/Q_Eb9t6VKf4

A group of healthcare workers, including nurses and doctors, are walking away from the camera down a brightly lit hospital hallway. They are wearing blue scrubs and caps. The hallway has a light-colored floor with dark blue lines marking the path. The overall scene is slightly blurred, suggesting movement.

Questions?